

Amendments to the claims:

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1. (currently amended) An electric or electronic circuit arrangement (100) of a ~~semiconductor card~~ comprising at least one, ~~particularly~~ layered carrier substrate (10) of a semiconducting or insulating material, at least one integrated circuit constituted by at least two spaced, ~~particularly lithographically applied~~ conductor tracks (20,25) on the carrier substrate (10), at least one dielectric shielding layer (30; 35), ~~particularly an insulation layer and/or passivation layer (30) and/or a further protective layer (35)~~ situated between the conductor tracks (20,25) and/or laterally with respect to the conductor tracks (20,25) and/or on the conductor tracks (20,25) provided for protecting the integrated circuit from external fluences so that the integrated circuit has a specific, ~~particularly lateral and/or particularly parasitic~~ capacitance (C) determined by the dielectric shielding layer (30; 35), characterized in that at least one signal-generating unit (40), ~~particularly at least an oscillator unit~~ is connected to the contact terminals (22,27) of the integrated circuit, ~~the~~ an output frequency ($f_{\text{meas.}}$) of which unit is substantially determined by the specific capacitance (C), in that the signal-generating unit (40) precedes an evaluation unit (70) which includes at least a first counting unit (50) which is clocked at the output frequency ($f_{\text{meas.}}$) of the signal-generating unit (40); and in which ~~counting unit~~ an actual value count can be determined after a predetermined temporal counting period, ~~in that at least a second counting unit (55) clocked at a reference frequency (f_{ref}) is provided; in which counting unit a nominal value count can be determined after the predetermined temporal counting period, in that the first counting unit (50) and the second counting unit (55) precede~~ and at least one comparator unit (60) for comparing the actual value count

with the nominal value count, ~~while the functions of the integrated circuit can be blocked and/or locked and/or interrupted temporarily or permanently in the case of an error indication which occurs when the actual value count is compared with the nominal value count~~ wherein the signal-generating unit (40) and the evaluation unit (70) are integral parts of the semiconductor chip.

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2. (original) A circuit arrangement (100) as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the conductor tracks (20,25) are at least sectionally arranged parallel to each other and/or in a meandering intermeshing configuration.
 3. (previously amended) A circuit arrangement (100) as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the mutual distance (d) between the conductor tracks (20,25) is in the micrometer range.
 4. (previously amended) A circuit arrangement (100) as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the material of the dielectric shielding layer (30; 35) is epoxy resin or silicon nitride (SiNO_2) or silicon dioxide (SiO_2) or consists of other insulating layers used in the manufacture of semiconductors.
 5. (previously amended) A circuit arrangement (100) as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the material of the dielectric shielding layer (30; 35) is also opaque.
 6. (currently amended) A circuit arrangement (100) as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the signal-generating unit (40) comprises at least one oscillator circuit consisting of at least one capacitive unit, ~~particularly a capacitor,~~ and at least one resistive unit, ~~particularly a resistor,~~ and/or at least one oscillator circuit consisting of at least one capacitive unit, ~~particularly a capacitor,~~ and at least one inductive unit, ~~particularly a coil.~~

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7. (currently amended) A circuit arrangement (100) as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that ~~at least an the evaluation unit (70), particularly at least a differential evaluation unit is constituted by the first counting unit (50), the second counting unit (55) and the comparator unit (60)~~ the evaluation unit (70) is a differential evaluation unit.
 8. (original) A circuit arrangement (100) as claimed in claim 7, characterized in that the evaluation unit (70) is implemented to detect a change of the specific capacitance (C) caused by an at least partial removal of the dielectric shielding layer (30;35).
 9. (currently Amended) A circuit arrangement (100) ~~ad~~ as claimed in claim 7, characterized in that the evaluation unit (70) generates the error indication when the actual value deviates from the nominal range.
 10. (currently amended) A circuit arrangement (100) as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the first counting unit (50) and/or the second counting unit (55) are/is formed on a digital basis.
 11. (currently amended) A card, ~~particularly a chip card or smart card~~, comprising at least an electric or electronic circuit arrangement (100) as claimed in claim 1.
 12. (currently amended) A method of protecting an electric or electronic circuit arrangement (100) of a semiconductor card formed in accordance with the precharacterizing part of claim 1, from manipulation and/or abuse, characterized in that an output frequency ($f_{\text{meas.}}$) determined by ~~the~~ a specific capacitance (C) is generated in at least one signal-generating unit (40) and provided to an evaluation unit (70) which includes at least a first counting unit (50), at least a second counting unit (55) and at least a comparator unit (60), particularly in ~~at least an oscillator unit~~, in that an actual value count is determined after a predetermined temporal counting period in ~~at least a~~ the first counting unit (50) clocked at

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the output frequency ($f_{\text{meas.}}$) of the signal-generating unit (40), in that a nominal value count is determined after the predetermined temporal counting period in ~~at least a~~ the second counting unit (55) clocked at a reference frequency (f_{ref}), in that the actual value count is compared with the nominal value count, ~~and in that the functions of the integrated circuit are blocked and/or locked and/or interrupted temporarily or permanently in the case of an error indication which occurs when the actual value count is compared with the nominal value in at least one~~ in the comparator unit (60), wherein the signal-generating unit (40) and the evaluation unit (70) are provided as integral parts of the semiconductor card.

13. (currently amended) A method as claimed in claim 12, characterized in that ~~at least an~~ the evaluation unit (70) ~~constituted by the first counting unit (50), the second counting unit (55) and the comparator unit (60)~~ operates on a differential basis.
14. (original) A method as claimed in claim 13, characterized in that a change of the specific capacitance (C) caused by an at least partial removal of the dielectric shielding layer (30; 35) is detected in the evaluation unit (70).
15. (previously amended) A method as claimed in claim 13, characterized in that the error indication is generated in the evaluation unit (70) when the actual value deviates from the nominal range.
16. (new) A circuit arrangement (100) as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the conductor tracks (20,25) are lithographically applied.
17. (new) A circuit arrangement (100) as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the dielectric shielding layer (30) comprises an insulation layer or passivation layer (30) and/or a protection layer (35).

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18. (new) A circuit arrangement (100) as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the specific capacitance (C) is a lateral and/or parasitic capacitance.
 19. (new) A circuit arrangement (100) as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that functions of the integrated circuit can be blocked and/or locked and/or interrupted temporarily or permanently in the case of an error indication which occurs when the actual value count is compared with the nominal value count.
 20. (new) A circuit arrangement (100) as claimed in claim 6, characterized in that the capacitive unit is a capacitor, the resistive unit is a resistor, and the inductive unit is a coil.
 21. (new) A method as claimed in claim 12, characterized in that functions of the integrated circuit are blocked and/or locked and/or interrupted temporarily or permanently in the case of an error indication which occurs when the actual value count is compared with the nominal value.
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